POST-GRADUATE COURSE Term End Examination — June, 2022/December, 2022 ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING (New Syllabus) Paper-VI : MORPHOLOGY IN ENGLISH (From January 2022 Enrolment Session)

Time : 2 hours]

[Full Marks : 50

Weightage of Marks: 80%

Special credit will be given for precise and correct answer. Marks will be deducted for spelling mistakes, untidiness and illegible handwriting. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

SECTION – A

Answer any *two* of the following questions. Each answer should not exceed 500 words in length. Each question in this section carries 10 marks. : $10 \times 2 = 20$

- 1. Discuss inflectional and derivational morphemes in terms of word formation. 5 + 5
- Cite 10 examples each of English prefixes and suffixes forming nouns and adjectives.
 5 + 5
- 3. What is a morpheme ? Define and illustrate free and bound morphemes. Show their functions in a sentence. 2 + 4 + 4
- 4. What is a phonological process ? Discuss with examples any two phonological process from English. 2+4+4

SECTION - B

Answer any *four* of the following questions. Each answer should not exceed 200 words. Each question in this section carries 5 marks:

 $5 \times 4 = 20$

5. What is assonance ? Distinguish between assonance and alliteration.

2 + 3

- 6. Write a morphophonemic rule for the following : $1\frac{1}{4} \times 4$
 - (i) Democrat
 - (ii) Democratic
 - (iii) Democracy
 - (iv) Democratize

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[Turn over

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- 7. Discuss different sound deletion process.
- 8. What is epenthesis ? Cite examples. $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$

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- Discuss the phonological changes for the following : handkerchief, sunk, lamb, camera
- 10. Explain with examples elevation of meaning.
- 11. Give examples of class maintaining and class changing suffixes.
- 12. What is syncretism ? Give examples. $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$

SECTION - C

	Provide short answers to any <i>five</i> of the following questions. Each		
	question in this section carries 2 marks. :	2 × 5 = 10	
13.	Define a homonym. Give one example.	1 + 1	
14.	What is positional mobility ?		
15.	Define allomorph.		
16.	What is a lexeme ?		
17.	What is a mono-morphemic word ? Give example.		
18.	Cite examples of roots and stems. 1 + 1		
19.	What is back formation ? Give examples.		
20.	Give examples of semantic changes "through	popular	
	misunderstanding".		

- 21. What is gemination ?
- 22. Give two examples of co-articulation with their transcription.

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