# **Question Bank For PG Course**

# Mathematics Paper-9A(i)

# Special Paper: Pure Mathematics ADVANCED COMPLEX ANALYSIS: PGMT-IXA

#### **Question 1**

If f(z)=u+iv is analytic in a region R, then find the value of  $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$ .

# Question 2

Given that f(z) is analytic at  $z = \alpha$  and  $f'(\alpha) = f''(\alpha) = f'''(\alpha) = 0$  but  $f^{(iv)}(\alpha) \neq 0$ . Then find the magnifies angles of f(z) at  $= \alpha$ .

#### Question 3

What is the sufficient condition for convexity of a function?

## **Question 4**

Find the order of the function  $f(z) = e^{z^n}$  (n is a positive integer)

#### **Question 5**

Find the exponent of convergence of the zeros of  $f(z) = \cos z$ .

### **Question 6**

Given that f(z) is analytic in |z| < 1, with a zero of order n at the origin. Also  $|f(z)| \le 1$  for all z in |z| < 1. Then which of the following inequalities holds

1. 
$$|f(z)| \le |z|^n, |z| > 1$$

2. 
$$|f(z)| \ge |z|^n$$
,  $|z| < 1$ 

3. 
$$|f(z)| \ge |z|^n, |z| > 1$$

4. 
$$|f(z)| \le |z|^n, |z| < 1$$

#### **Question 7**

Find the canonical product of the function  $f(z) = \sin z$ .

### **Question 8**

What is Legendre's duplication formula?

# **Question 9**

Given that f(z) is an entire function which never vanishes. Then there exists an entire function g(z) such that

1. 
$$f(z) = g(z)$$
 for all z

2. 
$$f(z) = \frac{1}{g(z)}$$
 for all z

3. 
$$f(z) = e^{g(z)}$$
 for all z

4. 
$$f(z) = e^{-g(z)}$$
 for all z.

# **Question 10**

An entire function f(z) is said to be of finite order if for some k and some R > 0 and for all z with  $|z| \ge R$ 

1. 
$$|f(z)| \ge \exp(|z|^k)$$

2. 
$$|f(z)| \le \exp(|z|^k)$$

$$3. |f(z)| \ge \exp(|z|^{2k})$$

4. 
$$|f(z)| \le \exp(|z|^{2k})$$

# **Question 11**

Find the branch points of the function  $f(z) = (z^3 - z)^{1/3}$ 

Which of the following function is single valued?

1. 
$$\left(z^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^3$$

2. 
$$(z^3)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

3. 
$$(z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

2. 
$$(z^3)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
  
3.  $(z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$   
4.  $(z^{1/2})^2$ 

## **Question 13**

Given that f(z) is a nonconstant analytic function in a domain D. Then examine the harmonocity of |f(z)|.

## **Question 14**

Find the the harmonic conjugate of the function  $u(x, y) = \log \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ 

#### **Question 15**

Find the branch points of the function

$$f(z) = \sin z^{1/2}$$

# **Question 16**

If 
$$f(z) = u + iv = z^2$$
 then what is the value of  $\frac{\partial (u,v)}{\partial (x,y)}$ ?

## **Question 17**

Find the value of the infinite product

$$\left(1-\frac{1}{2^2}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{3^2}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{4^2}\right)\dots$$

#### **Question 18**

Determine the map which transforms the vertical semi-infinite strip  $-\frac{\pi}{2} < u < \frac{\pi}{2}, v > 0 \text{ onto the upper half plane } Im \ z > 0 \ .$ 

# **Question 19**

What is the order of the function

$$f(z) = \cos \sqrt{z}$$
 ?

## **Question 20**

Find the exponent of convergence of the zeros of  $f(z) = \sin z$ .

# **Question 21**

Find the residue of the Gamma function at -n.

# **Question 22**

Find the critical points of the mapping  $f(z) = e^{2z} - 2iz + 3$ .

# **Question 23**

What is the value of  $\Gamma(z)\Gamma(1-z)$ ?

## Question 24

What is the order of the function

$$f(z) = e^{z^2}?$$

# **Question 25**

Which of the following function is single valued?

## **Question 26**

Let f(z) and g(z) are entire functions having order 2 and 3 respectively. Then what will be the maximum order of f(z) - g(z)?

# **Question 27**

Find the harmonic conjugate of the function  $u(x,y)=2x-x^3+3xy^2$  .

## **Question 28**

Find the branch points of the function  $f(z)=z^{1/2}\cos z^{1/2}$  .

## **Question 29**

Find the branch points of the function  $f(z) = (z^3 + z^2 - 6z)^{1/2}$ .

What is the Legendre's duplication formula?