Question Bank For PG Course

Mathematics Paper-9A(i)(NEW) Special Paper: Pure Mathematics ADVANCED COMPLEX ANALYSIS: PGMT-IXA

Question 1

If f(z)=u+iv is analytic in a region R, then find the value of $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,v)}$.

Question 2

Given that f(z) is analytic at $z=\alpha$ and $f'(\alpha)=f''(\alpha)=f'''(\alpha)=0$ but $f^{(iv)}(\alpha)\neq 0$. Then find the magnifies angles of f(z) at $=\alpha$.

Question 3

What is the sufficient condition for convexity of a function (x)?

Question 4

Find the order of the function $f(z) = e^{z^n}$ (n is a positive integer)

Question 5

Find the exponent of convergence of the zeros of $f(z) = \cos z$.

Question 6

Given that f(z) is analytic in |z| < 1, with a zero of order n at the origin. Also $|f(z)| \le 1$ for all z in |z| < 1. Then which of the following inequalities holds

1.
$$|f(z)| \le |z|^n, |z| > 1$$

$$2. |f(z)| \ge |z|^n, |z| < 1$$

$$3. |f(z)| \ge |z|^n, |z| > 1$$

4.
$$|f(z)| \le |z|^n, |z| < 1$$

Question 7

Find the canonical product of the function $f(z) = \sin z$.

Question 8

What is Legendre's duplication formula?

Question 9

Given that f(z) is an entire function which never vanishes. Then there exists an entire function g(z) such that

1.
$$f(z) = g(z)$$
 for all z

1.
$$f(z) = g(z)$$
 for all z
2. $f(z) = \frac{1}{g(z)}$ for all z

3.
$$f(z) = e^{g(z)}$$
 for all z

4.
$$f(z) = e^{-g(z)}$$
 for all z.

Question 10

An entire function f(z) is said to be of finite order if for some k and some

R > 0 and for all z with $|z| \ge R$

1.
$$|f(z)| \ge \exp(|z|^k)$$

2.
$$|f(z)| \le \exp(|z|^k)$$

3.
$$|f(z)| \ge \exp(|z|^{2k})$$

4.
$$|f(z)| \le \exp(|z|^{2k})$$

Question 11

Find the branch points of the function

$$f(z) = (z^3 - z)^{1/3}$$

Question 12

Which of the following function is single valued?

1.
$$\left(z^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

2.
$$(z^3)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

3.
$$(z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

3.
$$(z^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

4. $(z^{1/2})^2$

Question 13

Given that f(z) is a nonconstant analytic function in a domain D. Then examine the harmonocity of |f(z)|.

Question 14

Find the the harmonic conjugate of the function u (x, y) = $\log \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

Question 15

Find the branch points of the function

$$f(z) = \sin z^{1/2}$$

Question 16

If
$$f(z) = u + iv = z^2$$
 then what is the value of $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$?

Question 17

Find the value of the infinite product

$$\left(1-\frac{1}{2^2}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{3^2}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{4^2}\right).$$

Question 18

Determine the map which transforms

the vertical semi-infinite strip

$$-\frac{\pi}{2} < u < \frac{\pi}{2}, v > 0$$
 onto the upper half plane $Im z > 0$.

Question 19

What is the order of the function

$$f(z) = \cos\sqrt{z}$$
 ?

Question 20

Find the exponent of convergence of

the zeros of
$$f(z) = \sin z$$
.

Question 21

Find the residue of the Gamma function

$$at-n$$
.

Question 22

Find the critical points of the mapping

$$f(z) = e^{2z} - 2iz + 3.$$

Question 23

What is the value of $\Gamma(z)\Gamma(1-z)$?

Question 24

What is the order of the function

$$f(z) = e^{z^2}?$$

Question 25

Which of the following function is single valued?

Question 26

Let f(z) and g(z) are entire functions having order 2 and 3 respectively. Then what will be the maximum order of f(z) - g(z)?

Question 27

Find the harmonic conjugate of the function $u(x,y)=2x-x^3+3xy^2$.

Question 28

Find the branch points of the function $f(z) = z^{1/2} \cos z^{1/2}$.

Question 29

Find the branch points of the function $f(z) = (z^3 + z^2 - 6z)^{1/2}$.

Question 30

What is the Legendre's duplication formula?